



**Ad-Hoc Query on National Crime Prevention Projects**

**Requested by FI EMN NCP on 26<sup>th</sup> November 2010**

**Compilation produced on 31<sup>st</sup> of march 2011**

**Responses from Austria, Belgium, Estonia, Finland, Hungary, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Portugal, Slovak Republic, Spain, Sweden (12 in Total)**

*Disclaimer: The following responses have been provided primarily for the purpose of information exchange among EMN NCPs in the framework of the EMN. The contributing EMN NCPs have provided, to the best of their knowledge, information that is up-to-date, objective and reliable. Note, however, that the information provided does not necessarily represent the official policy of an EMN NCPs' Member State.*

**1. Background Information**

**The Ministry of Justice in Finland is interested to learn about other MS' experiences regarding crime prevention projects/campaigns.**

**Definition for hate crime mentioned in question 3: "A crime motivated by racial, religious, gender, sexual orientation, or other prejudice"  
(Also known as bias-motivated crime)**



**It would be very much appreciated if we could receive your responses by 23<sup>rd</sup> December.**

**2. Responses<sup>1</sup>**

		<b>Wider Dissemination?<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>1. Does your MS have any kind of crime prevention projects/campaigns aimed at specific immigrant groups or migrant communities?</b>
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<sup>1</sup> If possible at time of making the request, the Requesting EMN NCP should add their response(s) to the query. Otherwise, this should be done at the time of making the compilation.

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			<p><i>If yes, please specify and add hyperlinks, contact details for national experts etc.</i></p> <p><b>2. Does your MS conduct any kind of evidence based research/evaluation on crime prevention for certain immigrant groups or immigrant communities? If yes, please provide hyperlinks for the studies available and/or contact details for the research body.</b></p> <p><b>3. Could your MS describe good practises regarding prevention of hate crimes/biased crimes? Again, please provide hyperlinks for the studies available plus contact details for national experts.</b></p>
	<b>Austria</b>	<b>NO</b>	This EMN NCP has provided a response to the requesting EMN NCP. However, they have requested that it is not disseminated further.
	<b>Belgium</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. No</li> <li>2. No. The <a href="#">Centre for Equal Opportunities and Opposition to Racism</a> (CEOOR) as the Federal Equality Body is amongst others in charge to collect data on hate crimes, treat individual complaints, launch awareness rising projects and to guard the Federal anti-Discrimination (<a href="#">Law of 10 May 2007</a>) and anti-Racism law (<a href="#">Law of 30 July 1980</a>). CEOOR does not carry out any study concerning one specific group of ethnic/cultural minorities but on the phenomenon of hate crimes as such. In September 2010, CEOOR carried out for RAXEN (Racism and Xenophobia network, <a href="#">European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights</a> - FRA) a thematic study on hate crimes in Belgium, which will be soon published by FRA. In March 2009, CEOOR published the results of a survey to assess the degree of tolerance of the Belgian population towards minority groups, which the research institute IPSOS carried out (<a href="#">available in English</a>). Contact: <a href="mailto:Patrick.Charlier@cntr.be">Patrick.Charlier@cntr.be</a>, Head of Department 'Discrimination', CEOOR, Rue Royal 138, 1000 Brussels, +32/2/212.3110 (office number Mr. Charlier). In 2009 and 2010, FRA published several results of the first ever EU-wide survey (<a href="#">EU-MIDIS</a>) of immigrant and ethnic minority groups' experiences of discrimination. In Belgium, members of the Turkish and Maghrebian community in Brussels and Antwerp were interviewed in the framework of the project. Please consult also: <a href="#">ECRI Report on Belgium (fourth monitoring cycle), May 2009</a>.</li> <li>3. A) In 2005, CEOOR established a 'cyberhate' workgroup, treating individual complaints and working on awareness rising and prevention concerning internet based hate speech. In 2009, CEOOR published an improved edition of its <a href="#">e-tool on chain mails</a>. The website contains chain-mails, of which CEOOR already received complaints. The concerning mails are subjected to an in-depth analyses of their content. The analysis is published and proves that the concerning information is falsified and/or invented with the aim to spread hate-messages. B) Judgement of the Appeal Court Brussels, 12<sup>th</sup> chamber on 23.01.2009 against the administrators of the website of the Belgian Islamic Centre (CIB) for dispersing anti-Semitic contents on their website. The administrators were convicted to a fine. The judgement is ground-breaking for the criminal liability of cyberhate-cases and especially the criminal liability of website providers. (<a href="#">more information and download of the judgment in French</a>) C) In February 2009, CEOOR signed two collaboration agreements, one with the authorities of the French Community and one with the Walloon regional authorities. In the framework of the application of anti-discrimination decrees passed by the two</li> </ol>

<sup>2</sup> A default "Yes" is given for your response to be circulated further (e.g. to other EMN NCPs and their national network members). A "No" should be added here if you do not wish your response to be disseminated beyond other EMN NCPs. In case of "No" and wider dissemination beyond other EMN NCPs, then for the [Compilation for Wider Dissemination](#) the response should be removed and the following statement should be added in the relevant response box: "This EMN NCP has provided a response to the requesting EMN NCP. However, they have requested that it is not disseminated further."

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			<p>regional entities in November and December 2008 and within their specific fields of competence, CEOOR, which is the federal equality body, is now entitled to provide information to victims of discrimination (on racial and not-racial grounds), to do mediation to settle conflicts, to give advice and recommendations to the Walloon Region and the French Community authorities, to organise awareness-raising campaign and to exchange information with the authorities in relation to discrimination. <a href="#">More information (French/Dutch)</a></p> <p>D) On 13 January 2009, the last piece of a series of regional anti-discrimination legislation was published in the Belgian Monitor. In 2008, in the framework of the transposition of the European Racial and Equal Treatment Directives into regional legislation, several pieces of legislation have been passed by the regional Parliaments: the decree of 06.11.2008 pertaining to the combat against discrimination in employment and occupational training (Walloon Region); the decree of 12.12.2008 pertaining to the combat against certain forms of discrimination (French Community); the decrees of 04.09.2008 pertaining to the combat against discrimination in public and private employment (Region of Brussels-Capital) and the decree of 22.03.2008 pertaining to the combat against discrimination in occupational training (Region of Brussels-Capital). <a href="#">More information in French/Dutch and downloads.</a></p> <p>E) Since 1996, CEOOR has a collaboration convention with the Federal Police concerning the training of police officers. CEOOR provides training sessions on the anti-discrimination and the anti-racism legislation, intercultural communication and diversity management.</p> <p>F) In 2010, the French Community in Belgium launched in collaboration with CEOOR and the <a href="#">Institute for the Equality of Women and Men</a> an awareness rising campaign against discrimination: the first phase with adults as target group, the second phase with children between 12 and 18 years of age as target group. <a href="#">More information and link to the campaign (French).</a></p>
	Bulgaria	Yes	
	Cyprus	Yes	
	Czech Republic	Yes	
	Denmark	Yes	
	Estonia	Yes	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Estonia does not have any immigrant specific crime prevention projects/ campaigns.</li> <li>2. No. A paper was published in 2005 on the economic and socio-demographic determinants of crime in Estonia. You'll find the paper on the following <a href="#">LINK</a>. Note that the paper itself is in Estonian, but has an English summary.</li> <li>3. N/A.</li> </ol>
	Finland	Yes	<p><b>1. Projects:</b>  <b>"Let's Talk" – program</b> "Let's Talk – Social mediation for refugee communities in Europe" project  <b>Objective:</b> To facilitate the integration of refugees and to decrease the number of crimes and disputes in which refugees are involved and designed to reduce discrimination and social tension.  <b>Target group:</b> refugees, refugee communities involved either as victims or offenders in criminal cases and disputes as well as persons in direct contact with refugees in community development or related work.  <a href="http://iom.fi/files/Publications/2004/Lets_Talk/Seminar_Report_Lets_Talk_Europea...">http://iom.fi/files/Publications/2004/Lets_Talk/Seminar_Report_Lets_Talk_Europea...</a></p>

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			<p><b>“KiVa Koulu” –program</b> KiVa, Finnish anti-bullying programme (1st Prize ECPA awards 2009)  <b>Objective:</b> Help schools prevent peer-to-peer bullying, to provide school personnel effective strategies to intervene in it and, consequently, to increase school well-being. Also addressed: peer victimization in immigrant youth in Finland  <b>Target group:</b> Finnish comprehensive schools.  <a href="http://www.kivakoulu.fi/content/view/56/171/">http://www.kivakoulu.fi/content/view/56/171/</a></p> <p><b>VertaisKoto –project</b>  <b>Objective:</b>The project develops a new model for integration training in cooperation with NGOs and municipalities.  <b>Target group:</b> Refugees/ immigrants  <a href="http://ec.europa.eu/ewsi/en/practice/details.cfm?ID_ITEMS=18753">http://ec.europa.eu/ewsi/en/practice/details.cfm?ID_ITEMS=18753</a></p> <p><b>Yhdessä työhön/ Working Together –project</b>  <b>Objective:</b> The project aims to improve the employment abilities of immigrants thereby influencing local attitudes towards multiculturalisation.  <b>Target Group:</b> immigrants  <a href="http://ec.europa.eu/ewsi/en/practice/details.cfm?ID_ITEMS=14878">http://ec.europa.eu/ewsi/en/practice/details.cfm?ID_ITEMS=14878</a></p> <p><b>b. Recent Legislature</b>  article: <a href="#">Laws Governing Racial and Hate Crimes to be Toughened</a> (Finland)</p> <p><b>2. Currently gathering information on the following themes:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Evidenced-based (best) practices in preventing hate crime against immigrants/ethnic minorities</li> <li>- Evidenced-based (best) practices used in preventing (or decreasing) factors that would lead immigrants/ethnic minorities to commit a crime (social exclusion, socio-economic disadvantage, etc...)</li> </ul> <p><b>3. n/a at this time (Currently under research).</b></p> <p>There are also various initiatives in Finland that have shown promise in combating hate crime against immigrants/ ethnic minorities. As an example, the following:</p> <p><b>NoRa - No Racism</b>  <i>Save the Children Finland</i>  Youth project which aims to raise the awareness of racism through “chat” and organized events targeting children and young people. Anti-racism and the promotion of equality are the main themes. The project also develops and implements various models of support and advice for young people experiencing or having experienced racism.  (finnish only) <a href="http://www.pelastakaalapset.fi/toiminta/nuorisotoiminta/nora-no-racism/">http://www.pelastakaalapset.fi/toiminta/nuorisotoiminta/nora-no-racism/</a></p>
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EMN Ad-Hoc Query: National Crime Prevention Projects

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	France	Yes	
	Germany	Yes	
	Greece	Yes	
	Hungary	Yes	<p>1.) No, there is not such a project in Hungary organised by any kind of governmental institution. But there can be found projects which are under the supervision of NGOs. Menedék Migránsokat Segítő Egyesület / Shelter Association Helping Migrants:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <a href="#">"Pay attention, it can give to you"</a></li> <li>2. <a href="#">Campaign promoting the social integration of refugees and temporarily protected persons</a></li> </ol> <p>2.) Yes, there are such researches in Hungary but unfortunately just in a small number. Examples for those researches are the following: Abstract of a Study: <a href="http://www.okri.hu/images/stories/OKRIReview/okri%20review_2010_2.pdf">http://www.okri.hu/images/stories/OKRIReview/okri%20review_2010_2.pdf</a> For further information you can visit the homepage of the National Institute of Criminology</p> <p>3.) Unfortunately our Member State is not in aware of such practices.</p>
	Ireland	Yes	
	Italy	Yes	The Presidency of Council and, therefore, the National Office against Racial Discrimination, has conducted several campaigns against discrimination. You can collect more detailed information on the website <a href="http://www.unar.it">www.unar.it</a> at section "activities" and, therefore, "campaigns". However, we have no experience of campaigns for the prevention of "hate crime", perhaps because fortunately it never turned the need for action.
	Latvia	Yes	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. No.</li> <li>2. No.</li> <li>3. -</li> </ol>
	Lithuania	Yes	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. No.</li> <li>2. No.</li> <li>3. No practice exists on the matter in Lithuania.</li> </ol>
	Luxembourg	Yes	
	Malta	Yes	
	Netherlands	Yes	
	Poland	Yes	
	Portugal	Yes	I. PT does not have crime prevention projects/campaigns focused on immigrants, but to a wider public only, where migrants are also included in the target group. In this framework, we highlight the campaign "You are not for sale", for preventing human trafficking, and the campaign against domestic violence crime. Next year the campaign "Safer Dicas" will be launch, aiming a safer internet navigation, in

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			<p>particular in what concerns to human trafficking, child exploitation etc.  <a href="http://www.nao-estas-a-venda.sef.pt/">http://www.nao-estas-a-venda.sef.pt/</a> (in Portuguese)  <a href="http://www.apav.pt/portal/">http://www.apav.pt/portal/</a> (In Portuguese)                  2. A study on the “You are not for sale” campaign’s results was published (not available on line).                  3. Security forces are trained on Human rights and ethics, with emphasis on hate crimes.</p>
	<b>Romania</b>	<b>Yes</b>	
	<b>Slovak Republic</b>	<b>Yes</b>	The Slovak Republic has no crime prevention projects or campaigns aimed at specific immigrant groups.
	<b>Slovenia</b>	<b>Yes</b>	
	<b>Spain</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<p>1.- No                  2.- No                  3.- Within the remit of Ministry of Interior competences and strategic planning there are no specific prevention of hate crimes programmes. All programmes are based on other criteria such as crime type, time frame or geographic areas where the crime takes place, victim approach (such gender violence or minors, elder people, tourists) etc... Nevertheless hate crimes or biased crimes are included in our penal law and they are treated at police level whenever detected or reported.</p>
	<b>Sweden</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<p>Sweden has some specific organisations performing research or evaluation of crime and minorities (among other topics). There are several others among universities and on local level that also might do studies on this topic. Without discriminate between the three questions we will provide links to the following organisations: The Swedish national council for crime prevention (<a href="http://www.bra.se/extra/pod/?action=pod_show&amp;id=1&amp;module_instance=11">http://www.bra.se/extra/pod/?action=pod_show&amp;id=1&amp;module_instance=11</a>) ; Centre for Research in International Migration and Ethnic Relations (CEIFO), Stockholm University. (<a href="http://www.ceifo.su.se/pub/jsp/polopoly.jsp?d=6667&amp;a=47454">http://www.ceifo.su.se/pub/jsp/polopoly.jsp?d=6667&amp;a=47454</a>) ; The Swedish national board for youth affairs. (<a href="http://www.ungdomsstyrelsen.se/english_kat/0,2685,941,00.html">http://www.ungdomsstyrelsen.se/english_kat/0,2685,941,00.html</a>).</p> <p>On their web sites above there are ongoing projects and studies listed but also information and contact lists.</p>
	<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>Yes</b>	
	<b>Norway</b>	<b>Yes</b>	

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