



# **European Migration Network**

## **Ad-Hoc Query on on the level of reception conditions granted in compliance with the Reception Directive (2003/9/EC)**

**Requested by AT EMN NCP on 9<sup>th</sup> January 2009**

**Compilation produced on 27<sup>th</sup> April 2009**

**Responses from Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Malta, Poland, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom (21 in Total)**

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### **1. Background Information**

The objective of this query is to obtain relevant data on the level of welfare support granted in compliance with the Reception directive (2003/9/EC) to asylum seekers and possibly other groups of aliens.



### **2. Responses<sup>1</sup>**

		<b>Wider Dissemination?<sup>2</sup></b>	1. Which groups of persons are entitled to benefit from the social services granted under the Reception directive?
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<sup>1</sup> If possible at time of making the request, the Requesting EMN NCP should add their response(s) to the query. Otherwise, this should be done at the time of making the compilation.


<sup>2</sup> A default "Yes" is given for your response to be circulated further (e.g. to other EMN NCPs and their national network members). A "No" should be added here if you do not wish your response to be disseminated beyond other EMN NCPs. In case of "No" and wider dissemination beyond other EMN NCPs, then the response should be removed and the

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			<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. Which groups of persons are entitled to benefit from the social services granted under the Reception directive?</li> <li>3. If yes: What is the difference in terms of services? Can you calculate the difference in monetary terms?</li> <li>4. How do you provide the services granted under the Reception directive?</li> <li>5. Is there a difference between the level of services granted to asylum seekers and other groups of aliens who are entitled to benefit from welfare support granted in accordance with the reception directive?</li> <li>6. Is there a difference between the level of services granted to asylum seekers and other groups of aliens who are entitled to benefit from welfare support granted in accordance with the reception directive?</li> <li>7. Do you use the possibility to withdraw or reduce material reception conditions?</li> <li>8. If yes: In how many cases a year?</li> <li>9. What are the main reasons for withdrawal and reduction of material reception conditions?</li> <li>10. How do you ensure access to emergency health care in respect to aliens who are subject to the withdrawal of reception conditions?</li> <li>11. How do you ensure access to health care in general for aliens benefiting from the Reception directive?</li> <li>12. Can you provide the total amount of costs of reception conditions per alien per month? If possible please provide a split up (e.g. accommodation, board, health care, etc).</li> <li>13. Do you have maximum unit cost rates for each of the services provided?</li> <li>14. Are the maximum unit cost rates subject to valorisation?</li> <li>15. If yes: How do you perform the valorisation of the maximum unit cost rates?</li> </ol>
	<b>Belgium</b>	<b>Yes</b>	BE referred to the following Country Study <a href="http://ec.europa.eu/justice_home/doc_centre/asylum/studies/doc_asylum_studies_en.htm">http://ec.europa.eu/justice_home/doc_centre/asylum/studies/doc_asylum_studies_en.htm</a> .
	<b>Bulgaria</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Person who has expressed his/her desire to receive protection under the Law on Asylum and Refugees until the completion of his/her application review process.</li> <li>2. No.</li> <li>3. -</li> <li>4. In kind, financial allowances and combination</li> <li>5. No.</li> <li>6. -</li> <li>7. Yes.</li> <li>8. 73 cases from June 2008 to February 2009</li> <li>9. Only the right to receive shelter and food and social welfare allowance is not granted to an alien who does not belong to a vulnerable group and: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. submits a subsequent status application;</li> <li>2. the procedure based on the status application was suspended.</li> </ol> </li> <li>10. N/A</li> <li>11. Health insurance contribution and direct payment of necessary treatment</li> </ol>

following statement should be added in the relevant response box: "This EMN NCP has provided a response to the requesting EMN NCP. However, they have requested that it is not disseminated further."



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			<p>12. Total average costs per alien: Split: per month</p> <p>55 BGN - social assistance 20 BGN food, in kind 200 BGN one-time aid 7, 20 health insurance (during 2008) (10,40 BGN in 2009) 3 BGN a day and a card for the public transport if they attend Bulgarian language courses and vocational training</p> <p>13. Yes. 14. Yes. 15. Legal act</p>
	<b>Czech Republic</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<p>1. Asylum seekers, applicants for subsidiary protection, subsidiary protection status, asylum status, residence permit on humanitarian grounds, subsequent application and aliens not possessing right of residence who can not be deported for legal or practical reasons</p> <p>2. No.</p> <p>3. -</p> <p>4. Combination</p> <p>5. Yes.</p> <p>6. Asylum seekers – all their needs are ensured in the asylum facilities (it means they get all necessary in kind and they get some small pocket money for their other personal needs) In cases they leave the asylum facility they can get financial allowance. These benefits are limited by three months because all necessary needs are ensured in the asylum facilities. Other – they get financial allowances in the same conditions as Czech nationals.</p> <p>7. No.</p> <p>8. -</p> <p>9. -</p> <p>10. Emergency health care is ensured to any person. Persons under the reception directive are health insured (“public health insurance”). Aliens who are subject to the withdrawal of reception conditions must pay their treatment directly, but the emergency health care is ensured to them. Solving of the payment is the civil-law relation between the alien and the medical facility.</p> <p>11. Health insurance contribution</p> <p>12. Total average costs per alien: ca 1118 EUR</p> <p>Note: the costs include aliens in detention centres</p>



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			<p>Split:</p> <p>13. Yes. (for accommodation, board and spending-money)</p> <p>14. Yes.</p> <p>15. Legal act</p>
	<b>Denmark</b>	<b>Yes</b>	In accordance with Articles 1 and 2 of the protocol on the position of Denmark, annexed to the Treaty on European Union and to the Treaty establishing the European Community, Denmark did not take part in the adaptation of the Reception Directive (2003/9/EC) and is not bound by nor subject to its application. On the basis thereof and the character of the questions, it does not seem relevant for us to answer the query.
	<b>Germany</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Asylum seekers, applicants for subsidiary protection, residence permit on humanitarian grounds, subsequent application, aliens not possessing right of residence who can not be deported for legal or practical reasons</li> <li>2. Yes.</li> <li>3. There is a difference between aliens residing for the reasons given in Question 1 (first group) and Germans and aliens who have another kind of residence title due to their purposes of stay generally not being limited (second group). Family members of the first group receive services after 48 months, so long as they have not illegally influenced the duration of their residence. This also applies for the second group. A difference in the services for those mentioned in Question 2 is irrelevant.</li> <li>4. Combination</li> <li>5. No.</li> <li>6. Yes</li> <li>7. Yes.</li> <li>8. N.a.</li> <li>9. Reduction: For aliens required to leave the country, services are restricted to the peremptory level should the alien have entered Germany solely to seek such services, or should the alien him-/herself be responsible for not being able to be deported.</li> <li>10. Services cannot be completely revoked (see the answer to Question 9). The peremptory level to which services can be restricted still include the medical or dental access necessary to treat acute illness or pain.</li> <li>11. Other: Reimbursement of costs for medical or dental treatments is handled by the proper social welfare office pursuant to the Welfare Act for Asylum Seekers.</li> <li>12. Split: Should accommodations be provided through a reception centre (camp accommodation for asylum seekers), the necessary daily services are generally provided in kind. In addition, minors receive an allowance of approx. 20 Euros up until they turn 14. Those 14 and older receive an allowance of approx. 40 Euros. Should accommodations be provided elsewhere, services can be provided monthly in cash: 1. approx. 184 Euros for the head of the household, 2. approx. 112 Euros for household members younger than 7, 3. approx. 158 Euros for household members older than 7, and additionally the necessary costs for housing, heating and household contents.</li> <li>13. Yes (nur für die in der Antwort zu Frage 12 genannten Geldleistungen)</li> <li>14. Yes.</li> </ol>


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			15. Other: Amounts are adjusted on statutory order from the proper federal ministry.
	<b>Estonia</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<p>1. Asylum seekers, applicants for subsidiary protection and applicant for international protection</p> <p>2. No.</p> <p>3. Although we answered no, but we explain a little. For asylum seekers the welfare support is organized by the Asylum Seekers Reception Centre, in cooperation with local governments and other organisations if necessary. For Estonia's permanent residents the welfare support is organized by the local governments.</p> <p>So, there can be differences in the amount of services (depending on the location of the Reception centre) and costs, but the necessary services are available for asylum seekers through the Reception centres.</p> <p>Monetary benefit paid to an asylum seeker is equal with the minimum consumption expenditure paid to the permanent residents of Estonia.</p> <p>4. In kind</p> <p>5. No.</p> <p>6. -</p> <p>7. No.</p> <p>8. -</p> <p>9. -</p> <p>10. -</p> <p>11. Direct payment of necessary treatment</p> <p>12. Total average costs per alien: Split: Monetary benefit shall be equal to the applicable subsistence limit established on the basis of the minimum consumption expenditure. The amount of benefit paid to the second and each subsequent member of a family is 80 per cent of the amount of benefit paid to the first member of the family. Only those family members who are applicants are entitled to receive a benefit.</p> <p>It is possible to bring forth the costs of monetary benefits: 1000 kroons per person (what is the minimum consumption expenditure in Estonia). Each subsequent member of a family receives 800 kroons (80 per cent of the amount of benefit paid to the first member of the family). Also, every applicant gets additional 10% of the monetary support for minor expenses; that is 100 kroons.</p> <p>13. No.</p> <p>14. -</p> <p>15. -</p>
	<b>Ireland</b>	<b>Yes</b>	The legal basis of this Directive is Article 63 of the Treaty Establishing the European Community, therefore the Treaty Protocol relating to the position of the UK and Ireland applies. The Protocol provides that measures adopted pursuant to Title IV of the Treaty do not apply to


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			<p>Ireland.</p> <p>This position is reflected in paragraph (20) of the recital to the Directive, which states:</p> <p>"In accordance with Article 1 of the said Protocol, Ireland is not participating in the adoption of this Directive. Consequently, and without prejudice to Article 4 of the aforementioned Protocol, the provisions of this Directive do not apply to Ireland".</p> <p>Article 4 of the Protocol provides for either State to exercise an option to take part in any proposed or existing measure in accordance with the relevant procedures set out in the Protocol and the related Treaty provisions. To date Ireland has not exercised this option in relation to the 'Reception Conditions Directive'.</p>
	<b>Greece</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Asylum seekers, applicants for subsidiary protection, subsidiary protection status and asylum status</li> <li>2. Yes.</li> <li>3. There is a difference in terms of benefits for families with more than 2 &amp; 3 children.</li> <li>4. Combination</li> <li>5. No.</li> <li>6. -</li> <li>7. No.</li> <li>8. -</li> <li>9. -</li> <li>10. Emergency cases are treated as such under any circumstances. There is free access to emergency health care for everyone.</li> <li>11. Health insurance contribution Other: In case of uninsured, aliens benefiting from the reception directive are beings covered by the State.</li> <li>12. Total average costs per month: 2.100.000€ Split: Health care : 1.500.000€ accomodation &amp; relative services : 600.000€</li> <li>13. No.</li> <li>14. -</li> <li>15. -</li> </ol>
	<b>Spain</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Asylum seekers, applicants for subsidiary protection, subsidiary protection status, asylum status, residence permit on humanitarian grounds</li> <li>2. No.</li> <li>3. -</li> <li>4. In kind: they are granted all the welfare services in Centres for Refugees where all their necessities are covered</li> <li>5. No.</li> <li>6. -</li> </ol>



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			<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>7. No.</li> <li>8. -</li> <li>9. -</li> <li>10. The Spanish system for health covers all the emergency necessities</li> <li>11. Until they obtain the card that guarantees the access to the General Security System ( the same received for a Spanish citizen ), the Red Cross (financed by the Ministry of Labour and Immigration, who provides with budget) covers their health care</li> <li>12. Not available</li> <li>13. -</li> <li>14. -</li> <li>15. -</li> </ol>
	<b>France</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Asylum seekers</li> <li>2. Yes.</li> <li>3. It is difficult to assess the total assistance granted to different categories of beneficiaries, which makes the comparison somewhat not effective. However, a simple calculation (to be analyzed with caution) is used to compare the monthly cost of accommodation of an applicant for asylum, about 760 Euros, and the monthly RMI, 450 Euros for a single person.</li> <li>4. Combination: Asylum seekers receive an administrative support in reception centres for asylum seekers: Accommodation + social, administrative and medical support. While awaiting admission to the reception centre, they perceive a temporary allocation (10.54 Euros / day) and can be housed in emergency structures.</li> <li>5. Yes. Asylum seekers have universal medical coverage (CMU), while illegal aliens receive medical assistance of the State (Aide médicale d'Etat). They may benefit, under certain conditions, a temporary allocation until their asylum application. The refugees receive the RMI from obtaining the status.</li> <li>6. Please see above</li> <li>7. Yes.</li> <li>8. Not available.</li> <li>9. Cases indicated in Article 16 of the Directive.</li> <li>10. Yes, Asylum seekers have the "CMU" (see above).</li> <li>11. Direct payment of necessary treatment : the "CMU"</li> <li>12. It is possible to estimate the average cost of accommodation in the reception centres: 25.90 Euros. However it is difficult to assess the broader benefits: health care, education,...</li> <li>13. Yes.</li> <li>14. Yes.</li> <li>15. Automatic annual valorisation (e.g. inflation) Legal act</li> </ol>


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	Italy	Yes	<p>1. Asylum seekers After being awarded of the specific residence permit, the asylum applicant – if he/she is lacking of sufficient resources to ensure an adequate standard of living for health and livelihoods (for him/her and for his/her own family) has access to measures of reception, according to the rules of the Legislative Decree no. 140/2005. The same happens with his/her family. The Leg. Decree no.140/2005 shall not apply in case of measures of temporary protection in the event of a mass influx of displaced persons. In this case the operational measures, in fact, are prepared in accordance with Legislative Decree No 85/2003 implementing Directive 2001/55/EC. The reception measures are completed at the time of notification of the decision on the application for asylum.</p> <p>2. No.</p> <p>3. -</p> <p>4. In kind Access to reception measures is guaranteed through the System of Protection for Asylum Applicants and Refugees (so called SPRAR). Access to social services is subject to the actual residence of the applicant in the SPRAR facilities. In case of a temporary lack of available accommodation, the „Prefecture - Government Territorial Office“ provides a economic benefit for the time necessary to have access to a SPRAR facility (up to 35 days). The daily economic contribution is equal to the daily quota demand for tourist stays (longer than 20 days). Currently, its value is equal to 27.89 Euros.</p> <p>5. -</p> <p>6. -</p> <p>7. Yes.</p> <p>8. Not available</p> <p>9. The prefect revokes the reception measures in case of: -failure to enter the facility, -abandonment of the facility, -absence in occasion of the hearing, -subsequent application, -ascertaining the availability of sufficient financial means (in this case there is also the obligation to reimburse the costs of reception), -serious or repeated violation of the facility rules or seriously violent behavior.</p> <p>10. The Consolidated Text on Migration (Leg. Decree 286/1998 and subsequent amendments) provides that the emergency health care is assured to all those present on national territory, regardless of the legality of the presence.</p> <p>11. The enrollment at the National Health Service (SSN) is mandatory, with equal rights and duties with the Italian citizen for all the duration of proceedings (including eventual court appeals). The asylum applicant, as it happens for unemployed persons registered in the ad hoc Office, is exempted from participation in the spending (Health Ministry circular 24/3/2000). Presidential Decree 303/2004, concerning the procedures for recognizing refugee status, has also arranged for the assimilation of the asylum seeker to foreigners staying illegally as regards the access to urgent or essential care provided by the SSN. The Decree also provides that in every facility, hosting more than 100 asylum applicants, must be enabled services of first aid and generic medicine. Leg. Decree 25/2008, implementing Directive 2005/85/EC, provides that the National Commission for the Recognition of the Status has to publish an information brochure explaining the health benefits and the arrangements to receive them.</p>
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			<p>12.-15. The financial cost, resulting from the implementation of Legislative Decree No. 140/2005, was estimated at 8,927,900 Euros for 2005 and 17,855,800 Euros starting from 2006.</p> <p>The implementation of local services is co-funded by local authorities, although some 80% is paid by the Ministry of Interior through the National Fund for asylum policy and services.</p>
	<b>Cyprus</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Asylum seekers, applicants for subsidiary protection, subsidiary protection status, asylum status, residence permit on humanitarian grounds and subsequent application (in case of submission and examination of new elements)</li> <li>2. No.</li> <li>3. -</li> <li>4. Financial allowances and combination (only in cases of asylum seekers accommodated in the Reception Centre)</li> <li>5. No.</li> <li>6. -</li> <li>7. Yes.</li> <li>8. According to our statistics, there were 3586 closed files in 2008 (3684 persons) either because their files were closed (due to non appearance to the interview or because they withdrew the application – see below for further clarification)</li> <li>9. According to the Refugee Reception Regulations, the Director of the Asylum Service may decide to withdraw or reduce the reception conditions, when the applicant does not inform on change of address or does not appear for the scheduled interview or does not respond to the demand of the Asylum Service to provide information in the framework of the asylum examination and does not give satisfactory explanations for these acts. Furthermore, independently of the provisions of the Regulations, material reception conditions shall not be withdrawn or reduced from the Director, while the examination of the application is pending in both first or second instance.</li> <li>10. N/A</li> <li>11. Other: Aliens benefiting from the Reception Directive are provided with a Health Card, with which they can gain access to free health care. According to the Reception Regulations, the applicant should demonstrate the confirmation of submission of asylum application, which will provide him/her and his/her family free access to public health care.</li> <li>12. Total average costs per alien: €425 per person. The total cost for 2008 was estimated at around 12 million Euros.</li> <li>13. Yes.</li> <li>14. Yes.</li> <li>15. Legal act: It should be mentioned that there is currently a Proposal submitted, which will allow valorisation of the maximum unit cost rates (in the cases of applicants residing in the Reception Centre), with an administrative decision rather with a legal act.</li> </ol>
	<b>Latvia</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Asylum seekers</li> <li>2. Yes.</li> <li>3. The special system for reception of asylum seekers is created. There is no possibility to compare these two different systems.</li> <li>4. Financial allowances</li> </ol>



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			<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>5. Please, see the answer Nr.3</li> <li>6. Please, see the answer Nr.3</li> <li>7. No.</li> <li>8. -</li> <li>9. N/A</li> <li>10. N/A</li> <li>11. Direct payment of necessary treatment for asylum seekers</li> <li>12. N/A</li> <li>13. No.</li> <li>14. No.</li> <li>15. -</li> </ol>
	<b>Hungary</b>	<p><b>Yes: 1 – 11, 13-15</b></p> <p><b>Question 12:</b></p> <p><b>No</b></p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. -asylum seekers (applicants for asylum or subsidiary protection) -asylum seekers even if they are subsequent applicants (but reception conditions can be revoked or denied if the applicant repeatedly submits an application for recognition on unchanged factual grounds) -(to a certain extent recognized refugees and beneficiaries of subsidiary protection are entitled to similar types of support as asylum seekers)</li> <li>2. Yes.</li> <li>3. There are different legal backgrounds (different acts) It is impossible to compare the services provided for the two groups</li> <li>4. Combination (services provided in kind and financial allowances)</li> <li>5. No.</li> <li>6.</li> <li>7. Yes.</li> <li>8. Total number: 27 (Data from 2008. Only monthly expenses allowances were withdrawn.) Percentage: 1.4 %</li> <li>9. Withdrawal Asylum seekers: a) repeated or gross violation of obligation of cooperation; b) leaving the designated accommodation facility for a period of more than twenty-four hours without the permission of the refugee authority; c) repeated or gross violation of the rules of conduct which govern at the designated accommodation facility; d) departure from the designated accommodation facility for an unknown destination and a period of fifteen days has elapsed since departure; e) untrue declaration on property and/or income in order to acquiring entitlement to the material conditions of reception or refusal to issue a declaration;</li> </ol>



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			<p>f) seriously violent behaviour because of which criminal or minor offence procedure is initiated against the individual;</p> <p>g) repeated submission of application for recognition on unchanged factual grounds.</p> <p>10. Access to emergency health care cannot be withdrawn.</p> <p>11. Direct payment of necessary treatment and health insurance contribution</p> <p>12. This EMN NCP has provided a response to the requesting EMN NCP. However they have requested that it is not disseminated further</p> <p>13. No.</p> <p>14. -</p>
	<b>Malta</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<p>1. Asylum seekers, applicants for subsidiary protection, subsidiary protection status, asylum status (REFUGEE), residence permit on humanitarian grounds, subsequent application, aliens not possessing right of residence who can not be deported for legal or practical reasons</p> <p>2. No, but not in all cases (e.g. accommodation)</p> <p>3. Most of the services provided by Government are offered free of charge in most cases and in particular relating to education, employment support and training, and health provision, free legal aid as regards to accommodation the government offers asylum seekers and with basic free accommodation. Asylum seekers living in open accommodation centres receive a monetary allowance which is reduced if they work. Social Security and Social Assistance benefits are at par between nationals and Refugees.</p> <p>4. Combination</p> <p>5. Yes.</p> <p>6. The benefits and access to work is less for failed asylum seekers, in other respects the level of support provided in terms of services such as employment support, education of similar or comparable standard with regards to health provision there is no distinction made between statuses and the service me or for all categories.</p> <p>7. No, but while the possibility exists at law this provision has not been applied to date.</p> <p>8. None to date</p> <p>9. -</p> <p>10. Not applicable</p> <p>11. Other: Free State provision</p> <p>12. N/A</p> <p>13. No, the basic services are offered free of charge.</p> <p>14. -</p> <p>15. -</p>
	<b>Austria</b>	<b>No</b>	This EMN NCP has provided a response to the requesting EMN NCP. However they have requested that it is not disseminated further


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	<b>Poland</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Asylum seekers</li> <li>2. Yes</li> <li>3. The medical care for foreigners and nationals is the same. Asylum seekers living in the centres for aliens receive less support in terms of financial help but get free accommodation and board.</li> <li>4. Combination</li> <li>5. Yes.</li> <li>6. Asylum seekers receive accommodation and board, financial help and medical care. Others groups of aliens who are entitled to benefit from welfare support are given medical care, bigger financial help, and the possibility of legal working but don't receive accommodation and board.</li> <li>7. Yes.</li> <li>8. -</li> <li>9. Withdrawal: abandonment the place of residence, not being compy with reporting duties or have being lodged an application in the same Member State, breaking the extension of law of the centre for foreigners</li> <li>10. The medical care is fully guaranteed without exception.</li> <li>11. Direct payment of necessary treatment</li> <li>12. Total average costs per alien: 1 200 zł Split: accommodation – 600 zł per month; board – 600 zł per month</li> <li>13. -</li> <li>14. -</li> <li>15. -</li> </ol>
	<b>Portugal</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Asylum seekers, applicants for subsidiary protection, subsidiary protection status, asylum status and aliens not possessing right of residence who can not be deported for legal or practical reasons</li> <li>2. No.</li> <li>3.</li> <li>4. Financial allowances</li> <li>5. No.</li> <li>6. -</li> <li>7. No.</li> <li>8. -</li> <li>9. -</li> <li>10. -</li> <li>11. Direct payment of necessary treatment</li> <li>12. Total average costs per alien: Not available for the moment</li> <li>13. -</li> <li>14. -</li> </ol>

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			15. -
	<b>Finland</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Asylum seekers, applicants for subsidiary protection, subsidiary protection status, asylum status*, residence permit on humanitarian grounds*, aliens not possessing right of residence who can not be deported for legal or practical reasons Other: When issuing temporary residence permits in cases where aliens cannot be removed from the country → * in the case that they can not be received in the municipality</li> <li>2. Yes.</li> <li>3. Reception conditions are necessary social- and health care and other necessary services. Financial allowance is 10 % smaller than the usual allowance, the difference a bit over 40 Euros smaller for an asylum seeker person who is living alone. Inhabitants of a municipality have the right to get such services they need but they can be aliens, too, who have the right to stay here legally and at least one year.</li> <li>4. Financial allowances</li> <li>5. No.</li> <li>6. -</li> <li>7. No.</li> <li>8. -</li> <li>9. -</li> <li>10. -</li> <li>11. Other: Our state is paying all costs of the health care of the aliens benefiting from the Reception directive. Reception centres organize the services with the help of the municipalities.</li> <li>12. Total average costs per alien per year in 2007: in reception centres 15 168,00 Euros in reception centres for minors 42 962,00 Euros in one detention centre 58 586,00 Euros</li> <li>13. No.</li> <li>14. No.</li> <li>15. -</li> </ol>
	<b>Sweden</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Other: ALL asylum seekers, regardless of status, until they leave the reception system.</li> <li>2. Yes.</li> <li>3. There are specific legal acts concerning asylum seekers. The main differences concern: -asylum seekers has a lower daily allowance than nationals -asylum seeking adults is only entitled to urgent health- and dental care -asylum seekers wishing to stay with friends or relatives are not entitled to financial contributing for the rental cost. Persons with residence permit are entitled to this contribution.</li> </ol>

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			<p>4. Combination</p> <p>5. No.</p> <p>6.</p> <p>7. Yes – mainly reduction</p> <p>8. Total number: approximately 1 200 2008 Percentage: ca 8 %</p> <p>9. Withdrawal: -not cooperating to prove identity -making the application investigation more difficult by for example not coming to an investigation meeting -not assisting in returning if entry has been refused Reduction: -same as above</p> <p>10. Adult hiding refugees are not entitled to emergency healthcare but hiding children are entitled to that.</p> <p>11. Health insurance contribution: The health care institutions will be reimbursed for their costs</p> <p>12. Total average costs per alien: 243 Swedish crowns per day which means approximately 700 euro/month (depending on the exchange rate) Split: costs for accommodation for those staying at housing arranged by the Migration Board: 43 kr/day The rest of the costs are unfortunately not available at this time.</p> <p>13. No, just for some of them</p> <p>14. No, not automatically</p> <p>15. Other: Ordinance</p>
	<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>No.</b>	This EMN NCP has provided a response to the requesting EMN NCP. However they have requested that it is not disseminated further

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